## Math 180: Newton's Method, 4.8

**Example:** Use Newton's method to find all roots of the equation  $e^x = 3 - 2x$ , correct to 6 decimal places.

- 1. Get all terms to one side equal to 0: $3-2x-e^x=0$ 2. Define f(x): $f(x)=3-2x-e^x$ 3. Find the derivative, f'(x): $f'(x)=-2-e^x$
- 4. Graph f(x) on calculator to determine a reasonable first guess,  $x_1$ ,  $[x_1=1 \text{ looks good}]$
- 5. Follow calculator instructions below to find the root.
- 6. Round to 6 decimal places.

## **CALCULATOR INSTRUCTIONS:**



- 2. Go back to the home window, and CLEAR the screen.
- 3. Say our initial guess is  $x_1 = 1$ . Store your initial guess into X by typing: 1 STO

STO X ENTER

The screen will look like:  $1 \rightarrow X$ 

4. Now type in  $X - Y_1/Y_2$  STO X ENTER The screen will look like:  $X - Y_1/Y_2 \rightarrow X$ 

Reminder, to type in  $\mathbf{Y}_1$  the keystrokes are: VARS  $\blacktriangleright$  ENTER 1 to type in  $\mathbf{Y}_2$  the keystrokes are: VARS  $\blacktriangleright$  ENTER 2

5. Continue to press ENTER to get the next  $x_2$ ,  $x_3$ ,  $x_4$ ,  $x_5$ , ... Until you get the required number of decimal places.

In this example:  $x_1 = 1$ 

 $x_2 = 0.6358246729$   $x_3 = 0.5946198249$   $x_4 = 0.5942049994$  $x_5 = 0.5942049585$ 

6. Round to the decimal place asked for. In this example: To 6 decimal places, the root is 0.594205